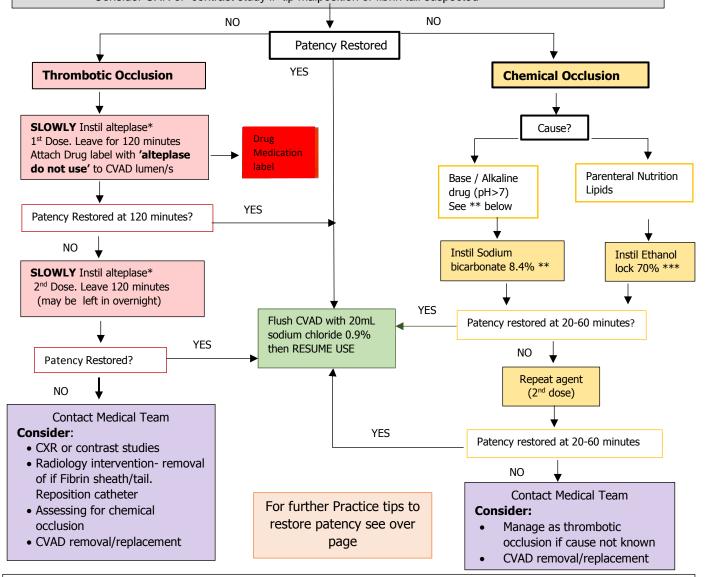
## ALGORITHM for MANAGEMENT OF PARTIAL, PERSISTENT WITHDRAWAL or COMPLETE OCCLUSION

## **CVAD ASSESSMENT**

- Open clamps; check external portion of CVAD and any tubing for kinks/twists; change dressing if necessary
- Reposition patient/catheter; ask patient to cough/perform Valsalva's manoeuvre
- Change add- on devices i.e. extension tubing on infusors, access devices, clogged filters e.g. PN
- PICC: check external catheter length.
  Ports: verify needle placement & change if required
- If PICC has migrated ref to PICC Tip Position Poster Ref no: 238023
- Consider CXR or contrast study if tip malposition or fibrin tail suspected



## \*METHOD OF ADMINISTRATION

- <sup>1</sup> Partial/withdrawal occlusion: Instil clearance agent using direct installation method.
- <sup>2</sup> **Complete Occlusion:** one of the following three methods may be used to instil clearance agent. **Source: CVAD Resource Book. 1.** Negative aspirate technique (page 51) **2.** Single syringe technique (page 52) **3.**3 way tap technique (page 53)

DOSAGE - Always confirm you have correct product before use. Must be prescribed by Dr and obtained from pharmacy

\* 1, 2 Alteplase. (Store in refrigerator prior to reconstitution) for single use only. Reconstitute 2 mg vial with 2.2 mL diluent provided or water for injection.

Swirl gently until all contents are dissolved. Draw up **2 mg/2 mL** using 10mL syringe. <u>Don't shake the vial</u>, slight foaming may occur. Let vial stand undisturbed *to allow large bubbles to dissipate before administering*.

## **Chemical clearance agents**

\*\* **Sodium Bicarbonate 8.4%,1mmol/mL** fill volume of catheter lumen, refer to *catheter section CVAD Resource* Book (Reference NOIDs for pH high drugs e.g. phenytoin, dilantin)