CEFTOLOZANE TAZOBACTAM

Trade Name	Zerbraxa® (Merck Sharp & Dome)			
Class	Extended spectrum beta lactamase resistant cephalosporin antibiotic			
Mechanism of Action	Inhibits bacterial cell wall synthesis and thereby causing bacterial lysis.			
Indications Individual ID approval required for full treatment course	Treatment of resistant infections caused by the organisms such as Escherichia coli, Klebsiella oxytoca, Klebsiella pneumoniae, Proteus mirabilis, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Bacteroides fragilis, Streptococcus anginosus, Streptococcus constellatus and Streptococcus salivarium			
Contraindications	Hypersensitivity to ceftolozane, tazobactam, piperacillin/tazobactam or other beta-lactams			
Supplied As	1.5 g vial of powder for injection			
Dilution Caution 2 step dilution	IV: Note concentrations and doses in this profile refer to total drug ceftolozane + tazobactam Step 1. Add 8.6mL of water for injection to the vial			
process	Vial	Water added	Volume	Concentration
	1.5 g	8.6 mL	10 mL*	150 mg/mL
	*Displacement value of ceftolozane tazobactam is approximately 1.4mL Step 2. Take 1 mL (150mg) of the solution in step 1 and add 9 mL of either glucose 5% or sodium chloride 0.9%			
	Drug	Glucose 0.5% or Sodium Chloride 0.9%	Final Volume	Final Concentration
	1 mL (150mg)	9 mL	10 mL	15 mg/mL
Dosage	30mg/kg/dose			
Interval	Eight hourly			
Administration	IV infusion over 60 minutes			

Compatible With	Solution: glucose 5%, sodium chloride 0.9% (There is no information on compatibility with any other solutions) Y-site: adrenaline, amikacin, amiodarone, azathioprine, aztreonam, benzylpenicillin, calcium chloride, calcium gluconate, cefazolin, cefepime, ceftaroline, ceftazidime, ceftriaxone, cefuroxime, ciprofloxacin, daptomycin, dexamethasone, dexmedetomidine, digoxin, diltiazem, diphenhydramine, dobutamine, dopamine, ephedrine, ertapenem, famotidine, fentanyl, filgrastim, fosfomycin, furosemide, gentamicin, heparin, hydrocortisone, imipenem cilastatin*, insulin, labetalol, lidocaine, linezolid, magnesium sulphate, meropenem, methylprednisolone, metoclopramide, metronidazole, midazolam, milrinone, morphine, naloxone, noradrenaline, octreotide, ondansetron, pantoprazole, phenylephrine, piperacillin tazobactam, potassium chloride, ranitidine, rocuronium, sodium bicarbonate, sodium nitroprusside, sodium phosphate, tacrolimus, tobramycin, vancomycin*, vasopressin, vercuronium *variable compatibility reported with imipenem cilastatin, methylprednisolone and vancomycin use a separate line if possible		
Incompatible With	Albumin, amphotericin B, caspofungin, ciclosporin, phenytoin, propofol There is no information on compatibility of ceftazidime avibactam with TPN or SMOF lipid, please use a separate line if at all possible.		
Interactions	Unknown		
Monitoring	Routine monitoring of electrolytes and renal function		
Stability	Discard any unused solution immediately after use		
Storage	Store unopened vials in the fridge at 2 – 8 °C, Protect from light		
Adverse Reactions	Abdominal pain, diarrhoea, vomiting, anaemia, thrombocytosis, hypokalaemia, increased transaminases, phlebitis, pyrexia		
Metabolism	90% renally cleared Half life approximately 3 hours		
Comments	This antibiotic is usually only prescribed in the presence of multi- resistant drug organisms and on the recommendation of the infectious diseases' consultant.		
References	Neofax in www.micromedexsolutions.com Zerbraxa data sheet www.medsafe.govt.nz Trissells IV compatibility data in www.micromedexsolutions.com		
Updated By	A Lynn, B Robertshawe June 2024		