Management of Influenza and ILI in BMTU / CHOC / NICU

Taking Nasopharyngeal Swabs

- Use Nasopharangeal Swab according to pre-made swab pack supplied to your area
 - Ensure patient blows nose prior to collection

Suspected ILI in BMTU, CHOC and NICU Admit to single room (incubator in NICU) in Contact and Droplet Precautions

Test <u>NEGATIVE</u> (-ve)
Respiratory PCR/ Rapid Test

Test <u>POSITIVE</u> (+ve) <u>other</u> respiratory viruses Test <u>POSITIVE</u> (+ve) for influenza

Standard Precautions

Educate patient on cough and sneeze etiquette and hand hygiene

Droplet and Contact
Precautions

until symptoms resolve

Droplet and Contact precautions for

a minimum of

72 hours

and / or until symptoms resolve(regardless of chemoprophylaxis)(Children ≤ 5 years for 5 days)

For further information refer to Respiratory Guidelines

- ⇒ rapid molecular testing and Respiratory PCR will be run for these areas
- ⇒ educate and encourage patient to follow respiratory etiquette and hand hygiene
- ⇒ ensure environmental surfaces are cleaned regularly each shift to reduce contamination
- ⇒ Terminal clean on discontinuation of isolation precautions

For other healthcare settings refer to Management of Influenza and ILI in Healthcare Settings (Appendix B)